

Music

At Grange Primary School, we believe that every child should have the opportunity to develop an appreciation and love of music that continues throughout their time at school and beyond. We endeavour for our children to be inspired by the music they hear and to be creative when they make their own music. Our aim is for our children to be critical about the music experiences they have with us; we want them to make links between what they hear and learn about during music sessions, performances and other times.

Throughout their time at our school, children will have many opportunities to learn, to observe and to perform a range of musical pieces. They will explore musical genres, styles and instruments, either during music sessions or alongside other learning opportunities such as in assemblies or in 'topic' lessons. Our curriculum is diverse and ambitious; it ensures learning which is progressive and inclusive. Every child at Grange has the opportunity to excel.

Music is taught progressively by school staff and specialist music tutors who provide consistently high-quality music lessons for Early Years Foundation

Stage, Key Stage 1 and Key Stage 2 pupils. They deliver a comprehensive music curriculum scheme of work through weekly lessons and singing assemblies.

EYFS

Early Years	Autumn 1	Autumn 2 – Traditional Tales / Celebrations	Spring 1 - Space	Spring 2 – People Who Help Us	Summer 1 - Growing	Summer 2 – Above and Below Water
	Birthdays and All About Me					
Initiates new	Actions to	Christmas songs with	Dance PE	Create a soundscape for an	Listen to	Perform a song to an
combinations of	familiar	actions/movements.	lessons.	'emergency' scenario eg	Summer/Spring	audience using their own
movements and	and new			ambulance/ fire engines.	themed music	actions.
gestures in order	songs.	Listen to music and talk about how a	Listen to	What can you hear and	(Use Singup).	Immersed in music e.g.
to express and		piece of music makes you feel.	'space'	what might you see in this	Practise	creating art work whilst
respond to	Name our		themed	situation? How do people	'growing' and	listening to a song e.g. angry
feelings, ideas	feelings.		music and	move?	'shrinking' eg	music/ ripping paper and
and experiences.			experiment		curling up into	creating a picture
	Listening		with 'moon		a ball with	painting to a piece of music
	and		walking'		appropriate	(Reception art gallery link).
	responding				stretching	Use 'watery' music eg
	to new				moves.	



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	music. How does it make us feel?				'Aquarium' – Carnival of the Animals as a starting point
Responds imaginatively to art works and objects Listen to a piece of music and share whether they enjoyed the piece.	Children to play an instrument mu	usically to express their ideas.	them feel. Children to pla	re how a piece of music makes y an instrument musically to eelings and ideas.	Listen, move and share how a piece of music makes them feel. Children to create their own gestures/actions to a piece of music. Children will be able to listen to a piece of music and show an appreciation for a piece of music by moving expressively.
Chooses particular	Da Poems and rhymes –	ance PE lessons with musical instrume	ents, scarfs/ribbo	ons/ stretchy materials/ feathers	
movements, instruments/soun ds, colours and materials for their own imaginative purposes	Introduce pulse and children to demonstrate by playing or walking to the beat. Children will be taught names of instruments	Children to use thinking voice to m song to develop a sense of pulse of Children will move to different specincluding a much slower pulse Children will be able to clap to a begin song. Children will begin to use the corresponding to the co	r rhythm. reds of pulse eat or a rhythm ect names for	Children will play an instrument pitches and speeds Children to use thinking voice to accuracy and control Children are able to choose an i a song.	o mime parts of a song with
Stop and listen carefully to sounds and talk about sounds you can hear using words such as long, short, high and low.	Exploring instruments and the noises they make.	Children to explore making loud and quiet sounds with different instruments.	Children to explore making fast and slow sounds with different instruments.	Children to explore making long different instruments.	g and short sounds with



	Children to differentiate between percussion instruments by sound alone.	They will identify the louder and quieter parts of a piece of music.	They will identify the faster and slower music. Recognise the rhythm of a song and public children will be able to listen to a piece appreciation for a piece of music by mus	lay it back. se of music and show an
Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs. Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time with music	Recap previous nursery rhymes and songs taught in nursery: Twinkle Twinkle, Jack and Jill, Incy Wincy Spider, The Wheels on the Bus, Baa Baa Black Sheep, Old MacDonald, 1,2,3,4,5, Once I Caught a Fish Alive, Days of the Week, January, February, March, The Alphabet Song, Rain Rain Go Away, Five Little Ducks, Heads, Shoulders, Knees and Toes, Hop Little Bunnies, Daddy Finger, Five Little Speckled Frogs, Five Little Monkeys Jumping on the Bed, Humpty Dumpty, Row Row Row Your Boat, If You're Happy and You Know It, Hickory Dickory Dock Songs with two / three notes: Have you brought? (Chant) Chop, Chop, Choppity Chop (Chant)	Revisit all previously learned songs and rhymes for consolidation. New learning: Songs with three/four notes: Hey there you're a real cool cat (chant) Sally go round the sun Hickity Pickity Bumble Bee Chest, Chest, Knees, Toes (Introduce thinking voice) One Finger One Thumb My My, Me Oh My, How I Love My Apple Pie Doggie, Doggie, Where's Your Bone? Can You Tap This Rhythm For Me?	Revisit all previously learned songs and rhymes for consolidation. New learning: Songs with three / four / five notes Here I Come (Where From) Janey You See Nobody Pass Here? High low chicka low John Kanakanakah I can take my tea (without sugar) B-I-N-G-O	Revisit all previously learned songs and rhymes for consolidation. New learning: Songs with three / four / five notes: Spinning Top Once a man fell in a well Bala Pata Zoom Engine Engine Number Nine Little Green Frog (Mmm mmh) Down in the Jungle



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Simple songs with two/three notes only:		
 Hello what's your name? Clap, clap clap your hands Jack in the box 		
 Down the road Five Little Monkeys Sitting in a Tree Alice the camel Hello my name is Jo 		
Children to move bodies to two pitches (high C, low C)	Children to move bodies to three pitches (high C, low C, G)	Children will sing to the same song in different pitches and speeds.
Starting and Stopping to a piece of music Children to sing on two notes/pitches	Children to sing on three notes/pitches	Children to perform a song in small groups rhythmically and with a strong sense of pulse.



				Year 1		
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Singing – breathing, phrasing and vocal health, Rhythm with tuned / untuned instruments. Pitch and pulse – instrument differentiation.	Singing – breathing, phrasing and vocal health, Rhythm with tuned / untuned instruments Pitch and pulse.	Singing Rhythm with tuned / untuned instruments Pitch and pulse — long and short sounds.	Singing – breathing, phrasing and vocal health, Rhythm with tuned / untuned instruments Pitch and pulse.	Singing – breathing, phrasing and vocal health, Rhythm with tuned / untuned instruments Pitch and pulse – rhythm.	Singing – breathing, phrasing and vocal health, Rhythm with tuned / untuned instruments Adding pitch patterns, i.e. notes to songs.
Overview	In this unit, the children will develop the ability to identify different sounds (voice and instrument). Continuing from reception, the children will learn to tap the pulse and rhythm of known songs.	In this unit, the children continue and build upon hidden instrument learning, expanding to up to 6 instruments. They learn new songs, chosen specifically to tap and clap	In this unit, the children will learn to discriminate between long and short sounds. They will follow a plan to play a piece with a partner, using long and short sounds and perform it to the class. This will create an additional assessment	In this unit, now the children can confidently follow a plan, they will work in pairs to compose their own pattern of long and short sounds. This will be done over a series of lessons. The children will learn to accompany recognisable sounds following a simple structure (singing / clapping).	In this unit, the children will continue to build upon previous learning by playing rhythms of known songs to different speeds. They will also join in with rhythms of recorded music accurately through finger walking or dancing. The children will learn to copy back 4 and 8 rhythms using one of a variety of untuned instruments.	In this unit, the children will learn to play and sing a known song. E.g. One group plays a repeated pattern on the notes of E. D. C (chime bars), while the other group sings the whole song. They then swap. Skills are built over several lessons, using different songs. Children listen to a variety of music (styles, genres and musicians, e.g. Elvis Presley, Call of the Mountain King) to recognise the difference



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	The children will be introduced to one new pitch and move their arms from high / med low / low (C,G,E,c). They will build upon previous learning by changing the way songs and instruments are performed (high / low / soft / loud / fast / slow). Autumn Term Listening: Children will listen to a variety of music	pulse and rhythm. Children take a story such as, <i>Peace at Last</i> and create sound effects following narration.	opportunity for teachers. They will use their singing voices to copy long and sort vocal patterns. Spring Term Listening: Children will listen to music that demonstrates long flowing music or short sharp sounds.		Summer Term Listening: Children will listen to music that demonstrates the difference between pulse and rhythm within an entire song.	between pulse and rhythm within an entire song.
	Listening: Children will listen to a variety of music from different genres and styles, e.g. reggae and Tchaikovsky.					
Assessment	Children will be able to:	Children will be able to:	Children will move with expression and	Children can compose in pairs a short pattern /	Children can confidently and accurately follow along with	Children to confidently recognise the difference
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Criteria	Recognise up to	Recognise up	accuracy to long and	sequence based upon	and repeat back different	between pulse and rhythm
	3 hidden	to 6 hidden	short sounds.	long and short sounds.	rhythms.	within a whole song.
	instruments	instruments.	The children will lay	Children can contribute		Children to perform a song in
	(e.g. rattle,	Move	appropriate sounds	to a class piece based		two parts (Ostinato). One
	wooden, metal	accurately to	following hand signs	upon a story.		plays the Ostinato and the
	and skin).	changes of	for short and long			other group sings the melody.
	can move	four pitches	sounds. 16 quick			Children to know the
	accurately to	and sing them	beats or 4 long			difference between the two.
	changes of four	in call and	lasting beats.			
	pitches.	response.	Children can play in			
		The children	pairs.			
		can create				
		sound effects				
		for a story –				
		played and				
		used voice in				
		different ways				
		in class piece.				
		Children can				
		distinguish				
		pulse and				
		rhythm in				
		known songs.				
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	Year 2								
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2			
	Singing – breathing, phrasing and vocal health, Rhythm / percussion Soh Me / Tea Coffee – Two pitches and two rhythm notations.	Singing – breathing, phrasing and vocal health, Rhythm / percussion Soh Me / Tea Coffee – Two pitches and two rhythm notations.	Singing – breathing, phrasing and vocal health, Rhythm / percussion Soh, Me, Tea and Coffee.	Singing – breathing, phrasing and vocal health, Rhythm / percussion Soh, Me, La, Tea and Coffee.	Singing – breathing, phrasing and vocal health, Rhythm / percussion	Singing – breathing, phrasing and vocal health, Rhythm / percussion			
Overview	In this unit, the children will learn to discriminate between high and low sounds. They will be introduced to Soh and Me,	In this unit, the children consolidate learning of two pitches and two rhythm notations. They also look at the	In this unit, the children will learn to play different sounding instruments following symbols, i.e. Images to represent them. They will learn how to recognise	In this unit, the children will learn a third pitch, 'La'. 'Soh, Me and La' They will follow hand signs to play these three pitches on instruments, e.g. chime bars and xylophones.	In this unit, the children learn to develop an understanding of rhythmic phrases, e.g. playing a 4-phrase rhythm using Tea and Coffee beats accurately on claves. Children embed previous learning from previous term, using symbols for soft and	In this unit, the children will repeat the structure of four phrase rhythms, but now adding tuned instruments (chime bars, glockenspiel or xylophone). Different parts use the four pitches previously taught in reception and year one as			
	with hand signs and sing these two pitches following teacher instructions.	difference between high and low sounds using the high C and low c on instruments	western classical markings that symbolise volume (dynamics) and speed, using the appropriate terminology, i.e.	They will then use instruments to make up sounds effect for a story, then write down symbols for recognition of sound effect.	Children will progress to play one phrase each sequentially in four different groups and switch up the order of these phrases.	hand signs (E, C, G and high C) – chime bars. Children improvise and compose with changing notes Children to accompany a known song (continuing from			



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	hey play	and play the	crescendo and			reception and year 1), using
	nusical games	appropriate	<i>accelerando</i> . During	Children to make	Summer – Listening: music	different instruments for
	o start	note on the	these activities, the	symbols based upon	appreciation -	different animals.
	_	correct word	children will also	previous learning. This	the children will listen to	
	nowledge of	of songs, e.g.	respond with	specifically builds upon	various styles and genres of	
	hese two	'We can sing	exaggerated	Year 1 learning.	recorded music. They will	
p p	itches, i.e.	high, we can	movement to these		discuss the mood and how it	
	wampy Game	sing low'.	changes.		makes them feel, e.g. Louis	
a	nd Doggy		The children build		Armstrong – It Don't Mean a	
D	loggy.		on their pitch and		Thing an Ali Hassan Kuban -	
			rhythm notation		'Henna'.	
T!	he children					
ta	ake turns to				West Side story – listen to and	
ir	mprovise				discuss the mood (fight	
si	imple melodies				scene).	
u:	ising Soh and					
l N	Лe					
CC	ombinations					
0	n the chime					
b	ars.					
T!	he children will					
n n	ow be					
ir	ntroduced to					
rl	hythm					
n n	otation, 'Tea					
To	ea Coffee Tea'.					
A	utumn –					
Li	istening: To	\wedge				
e	xplore high	X Y Y				
	nd low sounds					
	ncluding tuned					
TI ta in si u: M co o o bi TI ni ni rh ni Ti A Li e: ai w	che children ake turns to mprovise imple melodies ising Soh and Me ombinations on the chime bars. The children will now be natroduced to hythm notation, 'Tea rea Coffee Tea'. Autumn — istening: To explore high and low sounds with in music,		T-		West Side story – listen to and discuss the mood (fight	



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	percussions, e.g. African drum piece and Under stars, by Brian Eno.					
Assessment Criteria	Children can copy and sing back Soh and Me hand signs. They can play alone, short improvised melodies on Soh Me. They begin to follow simple unpitched rhythm notation.	Children can recognise and play accurately on two pitches, e.g. the high and low c. They can play the notes of Soh, Me, following the hand signs of another child.	Children will be able to follow hand signs to play different pitches. Children will identify and play along to standardised symbols for 'loud', 'quiet' etc.	Children will be able to independently explore different ways to play their instruments and develop their own symbols for others to follow.	Children can remain with strong steady pulse, whilst playing a four-part rhythmic piece in groups. The emphasis will be on their ensemble skills. They must remember their rhythm and come in accurately.	Children can play four beat rhythms on tuned instruments using Tea and Coffee (quavers and crotchets).



	Year 3								
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2			
	Singing – breathing, phrasing and vocal health, Rhythm / percussion Improvisation / different rhythmic speeds	Singing – breathing, phrasing and vocal health, Rhythm / percussion Improvisation / different rhythmic speeds	Singing – breathing, phrasing and vocal health, Rhythm / percussion Improvisation / different rhythmic speeds	Singing – breathing, phrasing and vocal health, Rhythm / percussion Improvisation / different rhythmic speeds	Singing – breathing, phrasing and vocal health, Rhythm / percussion Improvisation / different rhythmic speeds	Singing – breathing, phrasing and vocal health, Rhythm / percussion Improvisation / different rhythmic speeds			
Overview	This term, children will: make descriptive body sounds (changing higher / lower, quieter/louder, faster / slower) Follow teacher's hand signs to sing soh, me and lah phrases	Consolidate last half term's focus work. Also: Choose an animal and an untuned instrument to make its sound — compare and discuss which is more effective	Copy 4 and 8 beat rhythms clapping, stamping, arm moving. Sing 4 beat phrases using soh/me/la to Sol-fa notation (mainly crotchets, occasional quavers) Perform songs in 3 parts: one stamping pulse, one clapping line 1 rhythm, one	Consolidate last half term's focus work. Also: Work in groups working out the rhythms of a group of things eg food, clothes. Using instruments make up an ostinato piece. Rehearse and perform to class.	Follow teacher's hand to sing drm phrases (doh, ray, me) Sing 4 beat phrases using drm to Sol-fa notation, mainly crotchets (tea beats) and occasional quavers (coffee beats) Read 4 beat rhythms using ½ beat, 1 beat and rest. Say to words tea, coffee and shh, and then tap together as a	Consolidate last half term's focus work. Also: Find the melody of known songs with limited number of pitches (3-6) on xylophones or metallophones Explore different phrases of known songs and try using as an introduction or interludes between verses Play pulse of a song all			
	Improvise vocally using ms phrases	Use tuned instruments	tapping line 2 rhythm. Add		class.	together on claves. Try 4 different instruments on different beats; try playing on			



	Read 4 beat rhythms using quavers (1/2 beat), crotchets (1 beat) and crotchet rest. Say to words tea, coffee and shh, then tap together as a class. Listening focus: music about animals	to C,D,E,G,A to go with untuned animal sound, thus turning the sound from an effect to a piece of music. Add a narrator to tell the animal's story	movement for each rhythm. Listening focus: Listen to music with repeated rhythms eg 'Unsquare Dance', 'Alpha', 'Bolero', 'Tubular Bells' etc			the first beat of each 4 and then other combinations. Work out a pattern that enhances the song. Take word rhythms of the song and play on untuned instruments. Try playing several patterns at the same time. Explore different combinations of instruments. Experiment with parts of a song being sung solo or by a small group. Hum parts of the song and speak it in rhythm, going slower/faster, softer/louder. Discuss which effects work best for the song.
Assessment Criteria	Has created and descriptive piece group	-	Has held own part in building piece using		Has found the melody of kno number of pitches (3-6) on a	_
	Has sung soh/r phrases follow hand signs		Has worked out an notation the rhyth known song,	d written in rhythm m of one line of a	Has joined in discussions a arrangement of a song	nd performance of a class



	Year 4		
Autumn	Spring	Summer	
Looking at music notation with reference	Performing rondo form	Learning a verse and chorus song	
to metre and accent	Learning about verse and chorus song structure	Understanding that melodies have phrases	
Building an extended performance piece	Combining four body percussion ostinati as a song	Exploring layers and layering	
from a poem	accompaniment	Comparing and contrasting structure	
Using canon and ostinati as	Understanding texture	Understanding layers in musical structure	
accompaniments	Learning about layered structure in a rhythmic	Identifying key features of minimalist structure	
Using beatbox techniques to imitate the	ostinato piece	Playing in groups	
sound of a drum kit	Creating rhythmic ostinati	Combining sections of music in a layered structure	
Performing a rap with a vocal beatbox	Accompanying a melody with a drone	Rehearsing and preparing for a performance	
accompaniment	Describing the structure of a piece of orchestral	Singing in groups	
Performing a poem with rhythmic	music	Creating descriptive music	
accuracy (choral speaking)	Reading a clock score to play a piece combining	Singing in a minor key in groups	
Devising a rhythmic accompaniment based	drone and melodic ostinati	Developing descriptive song accompaniments	
on repeated text fragments	Using rondo structure to build a performance	Singing in two parts with accompaniment	
Balancing voices in a performance	Exploring the pentatonic scale	Performing repeating rhythms	
Learning about classifying instruments by	Playing leaps	Combining tuned percussion, untuned percussion,	
the way sounds are produced	Reading graphic notation	and singing	
Learning some simple beatboxing sounds	Developing listening skills	Copying rhythms and a short melody	
Singing a song and adding beatboxing	Describing music using musical and non-musical	Playing ostinati and layering them in a	
sounds	terms	performance	
Learning about aerophones	Composing and notating pentatonic melodies	Using music to communicate a meaning	
Learning to sing partner songs	Playing a pentatonic song with leaps	Composing a rap	
Learning about classifying instruments by	Combining tuned percussion, untuned percussion,	Playing ostinati and layering them in a	
the way sounds are produced	and singing	performance	
Exploring the combined expressive effects	Learning a verse and chorus song	Identifying the metre of a new song	
of different instrument groups	Understanding that melodies have phrases	Singing in three independent parts	
Making instruments	Exploring layers and layering		



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Performing verse and chorus structure	Comparing and contrasting structure	Playing and singing repeated patterns (ostinati)
Interpreting notation	Understanding layers in musical structure	from notation
Improvising	Identifying key features of minimalist structure	Identifying metre in a piece of music
Understanding ABA structure	Playing in groups	Understanding syncopation and using off-beat
Performing repeating rhythms	Combining sections of music in a layered structure	rhythms in improvisation
Chanting in three parts	Rehearsing and preparing for a performance	Combining independent parts in more than one
Exploring sounds	Singing in groups	metre
	Creating descriptive music	Identifying ho a well-known story has been told in
	Singing in a minor key in groups	music
	Developing descriptive song accompaniments	Creating music which tells a story
	Singing in two parts with accompaniment	Learning to play a Renaissance dance from
	Performing repeating rhythms	notations
	Combining tuned percussion, untuned percussion,	Composing a fanfare
	and singing	Understanding simple musical structures
	Copying rhythms and a short melody	Learning a dance and playing music used for
	Playing ostinati and layering them in a performance	celebrations Learning a 1960s pop song
	Using music to communicate a meaning	Creating a performance
	Composing a rap	Combining expressive use of the voice with
	Playing ostinati and layering them in a performance	physical movement
		Responding to sound with visual signals
		Performing sequences of sounds matched to
		visual sequences
		Singing a call and response chant
		Composing and playing sequences of word
		rhythms
		Understanding and performing rondo structure
		Learning a traditional West African call and
		response song
		Learning to sing a verse and chorus song
		Learning rhythmic and melodic accompaniments
		for a song and
		combining them in a performance



Assessment	Play a drone or ostinato part in a piece of	Play a melodic ostinato	Successfully add atmospheric sounds to a pre-
Criteria	music and maintain rhythm	Create a rhythmic section in a repeated musical	recorded musical piece
	Contribute to a class introduction to a	pattern	Improvise new sections in a piece, eg a fanfare
	piece of music	Successfully identify rhythms within a musical piece	Play a melody from within the pentatonic scale
	Singing and maintaining a part in a 'round'	Successfully add atmospheric sounds to a pre-	
		recorded musical piece	

Year 5		
Autumn	Spring	Summer
Learning to sing a song	Singing in two and three parts	Understanding music narrative, and exploring and
Understanding metre through singing and	Reading a melody in staff notation (Lesson	using narrative structure
playing instruments	Accompanying a song with tuned and untuned	Interpreting notation
Conducting a metre of four	instruments	Using a storyboard to structure sounds
Conducting metres of two and three	Composing and performing together	Learning about the use of sound effects in movies
Writing lyrics	Combining vocal sounds in performance	Composing sound effects to perform with a movie
Learning to sing a song from our musical	Creating a performance using voices and	Identifying changes in tempo and their effects
heritage	instruments in four parts	Exploring and understanding phrase structure of
Developing accompaniments using	Exploring extended vocal techniques	song melody
ostinato and invented or improvised	Developing a structure to combine sounds	Creating and performing a sequence of melodic
rhythms	Creating musical effects using contrasting pitch	phrases with a movie
Rehearsing for a performance	Learning about the music of an early opera	Learning about the use of musical clichés in mov
Developing a performance by adding other	Creating descriptive music	soundtracks
media	Developing a performance with awareness of	Exploring the effect of music in movies
Performing with awareness of audience	audience	Using the musical dimensions to create and
Listening to music with focus and analysing	Exploring beat at different tempi	perform music for a movie
using musical vocabulary	Singing syncopated melodies	Learning about and exploring techniques used in
Relating sound sequences to images		movie soundtracks



Interpreting images to create descriptive
sound sequences
Developing the use of dynamics in a song
Listening to music, focusing on dynamics
and texture
Learning a melodic ostinato using staff
notation
Developing techniques of performing rap
using texture and rhythm
Learning a song with a complex texture
Learning about the sound of the whole
tone scale
Listening to music and describing its
effects and use of the musical
dimensions
Performing a song with expression and
with attention to tone and
phrasing
Creating a musical background to
accompany a poem
Creating and presenting a performance of

Developing rhythm skills through singing, playing, and moving
Singing and playing scales and chromatic melodies
Using steady beat and syncopated rhythms
Accompanying a song with sung and played drones
Singing in unison and two parts
Developing an arrangement of a two-part song
Learning and creating accompaniments for a song
Reading grid or staff notation to play a bassline
Learning to perform a song with syncopated
rhythms
Arranging a complete performance of music and
songs
Using a score to notate and guide selected
elements of a performance

Creating sounds for a movie, following a timesheet Working in groups to create descriptive movie music Evaluating and refining compositions Learning about using cue scores Singing a song in unison and three-part harmony Learning a melody and harmony part on instruments to accompany a song Performing ostinati and body percussion accompaniments to a song Exploring a song arrangement and its structure Performing a song with a complex structure in four parts Developing a song performance with awareness of audience Understanding and using a song structure Applying singing techniques to improve performance Developing accurate ensemble playing Controlling short, loud sounds on a variety of instruments Rehearsing and improving an ensemble performance Preparing a performance with awareness of

Assessment Criteria

Write appropriate lyrics that fit a rhythmic structure
Conduct a rhythm pattern (using hand signals)

song, music, and poetry

Successfully participate in a musical orrery Show sensitivity to musical content by instinctively altering performance style Draw a representation of a musical improvisation Explore off-beat patterns by playing appropriate rhythms within a more complex piece

audience



Year 6			
	Autumn	Spring	Summer
	Exploring beat and syncopation through a	Feeling and moving to a three-beat pulse and	Learning music for a special occasion
	song and body percussion	revising rhythmic ostinato	Composing programme music from a visual
	Developing coordination and rhythm skills	Performing and improvising rhythmic and melodic	stimulus
	Performing a rhythmic sequence to a piece	ostinati	Singing a verse and chorus song
	of music	Singing in harmony	Writing new verses for a rap
	Developing the idea of pitch shape and	Learning about chords	Developing a song performance
	relating it to movement	Performing music and dance	Performing together
	Understanding pitch through movement	Revising, rehearsing, and developing music for	Developing an extended performance
	and notation	performance	Developing a song arrangement
	Creating rhythm patterns	Exploring extended vocal techniques	Rehearsing for a performance
	Arranging different musical sections to	Developing a structure to combine sounds	Performing together with an awareness of
	build a larger scale performance	Creating musical effects using contrasting pitch	audience
	Exploring rhythm through dance	Understanding the process of a musical	Singing a song with expression and sustained
	Combining different rhythms	performance	notes
	Exploring ways of combining and	Singing a traditional Ghanaian song	Singing in two-part and three-part harmony
	structuring rhythms through dance	Devising rhythmic actions to music	Performing complex song rhythms confidently



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	Singing in three-part harmony	Developing a performance of a musical	Identifying the structure of a piece of music
	Exploring expressive singing in a part-song	Improvising descriptive music	Learning to play a melody with chordal
	with echoes	Singing a traditional children's game song from	accompaniment
	Developing song cycles for performance	Ghana	Experiencing the effect of harmony changing
	Staging a performance with awareness of	Playing rhythm cycles	Playing instrumental parts to accompany a song
	audience	Combining rhythm cycles in a percussion piece	Performing a song with complex structure
	Singing a pop song with backing harmony	Singing call and response songs in two groups	Listening to and understanding modulation in a
	Learning about a song's structure	Devising rhythmic movement	musical bridge
	Learning to sing major and minor note	Developing a descriptive composition	Preparing for a performance
	patterns accurately	Planning and structuring pieces to make a final	
	Learning a pop song with understanding of	Combining songs with rhythmic cycles	
	its structure	Developing and rehearsing for a performance	
	Developing a song cycle performance	Performing to an audience	
	incorporating mixed media		
	Developing planning, directing, and		
	rehearsal skills		
Assessment	Continue to invent rhythmic patterns	Perform in multi-layered pieces that combine	Perform in a piece with a more complex structure,
Criteria	within more complex piece structures	singing, musical accompaniment and dance	involving several elements (harmony, chord
	Explore harmony through singing	Devise more complex elements in a longer	accompaniment, improvised dance etc)
	opportunities	performance piece (multi-element)	
	Sustain more complex rhythm patterns		
	within a sequence (performed		
	simultaneously with another sequence)		
	Improvise within a wider range of styles eg		
	scat singing in jazz		